

Starter



Can you guess today's topic?

Introduction to Hinduism

Aim: To understand the origins of Hinduism and some important beliefs.

LNf: Construct graphs and compare data

Some facts about Hinduism

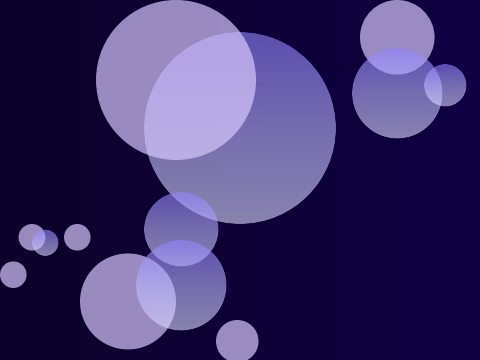


It is the main religion of India

**One of the
worlds
oldest
religions**



It is over
3000 years
old



There is not one founder or starter of the religion like Christianity or Islam.

There are around 900 million Hindus in the world today and 559,000 in the UK making it the third largest religion in the world.



Religious beliefs in India (2011):

Hinduism (79.8%)
Islam (14.2%)
Christianity (2.3%)
Sikhism (1.7%)
Buddhism (0.7%)
Jainism (0.4%)
Other religions (0.7%)
No religion (0.2%)

How might we best record this data?

LNF: Construct graphs and compare data



How do we find the angle of our pie chart?



LNF: Construct graphs and compare data



Religion	% of People	Angle
Hinduism		
Islam		
Christianity		
Sikhism		
Buddhism		
Other		
Total	100	360

LNF: Construct graphs and compare data

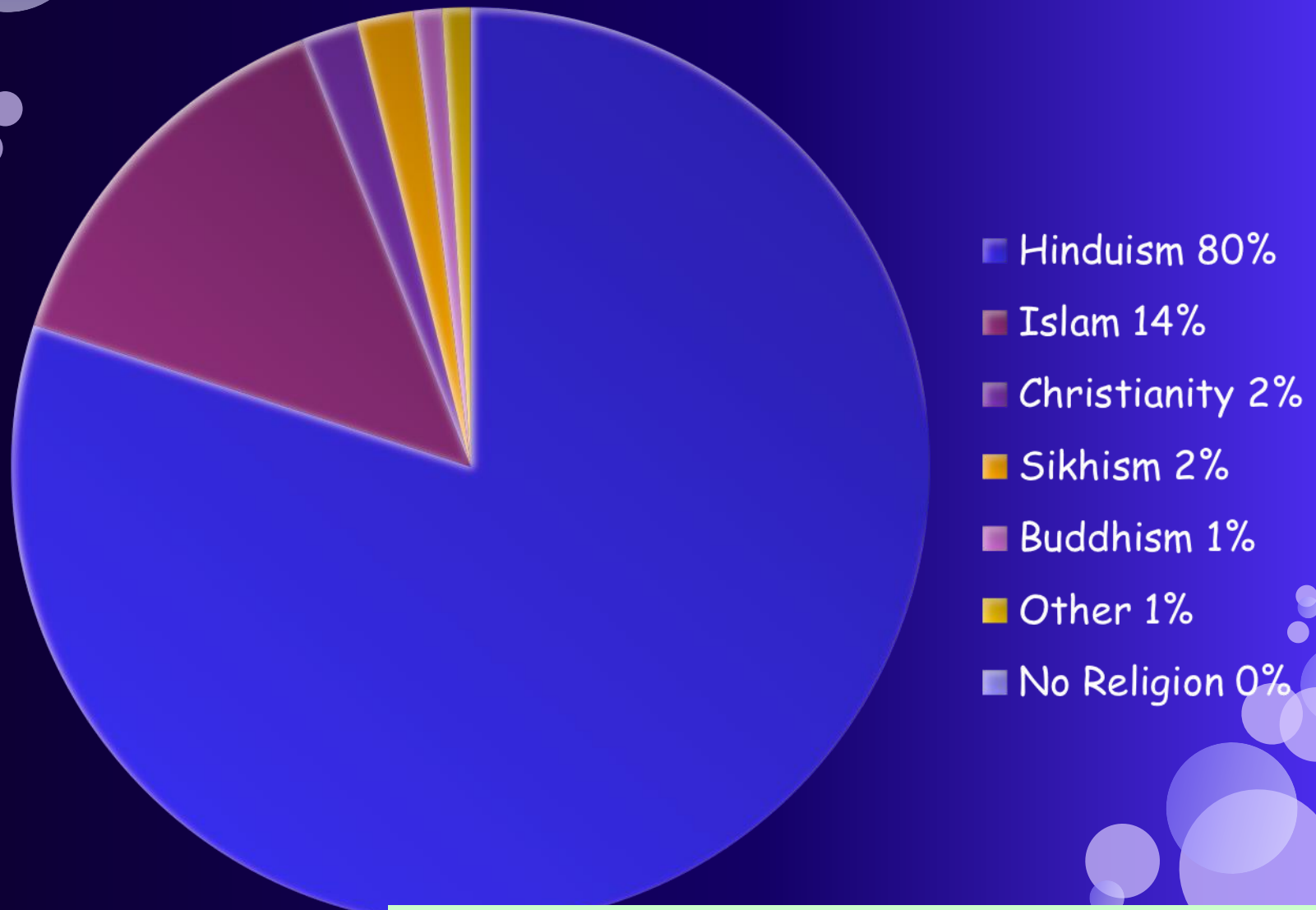
Peer Marking

Religion	% of People	Angle
Hinduism	80	288
Islam	14	50
Christianity	2	7
Sikhism	2	7
Buddhism	1	4
Other	1	4
Total	100	360

LNF: Construct graphs and compare data

Peer Marking

Religious Belief in India



LNF: Construct graphs and compare data

Religion in UK:

Christianity (59.5%)

No religion (25.7%)

Not stated (7.2%)

Islam (4.4%)

Hinduism (1.3%)

Other religions (1.9%)

How might we best record this data?

LNf: Construct graphs and compare data

Gwaith Catref:

Use data to complete a pie chart to reflect religious beliefs in the UK.

Religion	% of People	Angle
Christianity	60	
No religion	26	
Not stated	7	
Islam	4	
Hinduism	1	
Other	2	
Total	100	360

LNF: Construct graphs and compare data

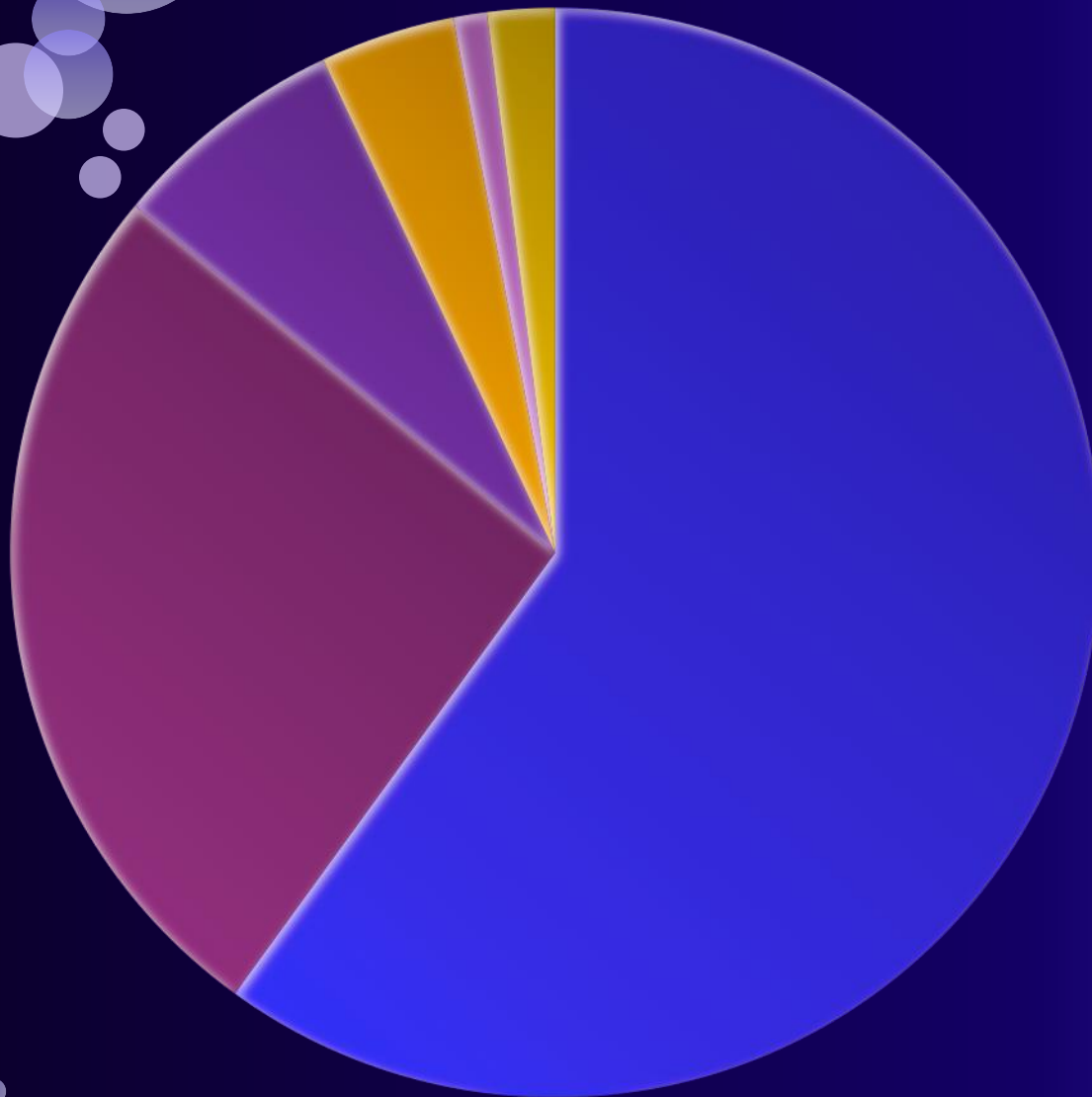
Gwaith Catref:

Use data to complete a pie chart to reflect religious beliefs in the UK.

Religion	% of People	Angle
Christianity	60	
No religion	26	
Not stated	7	
Islam	4	
Hinduism	1	
Other	2	
Total	100	360

LNF: Construct graphs and compare data

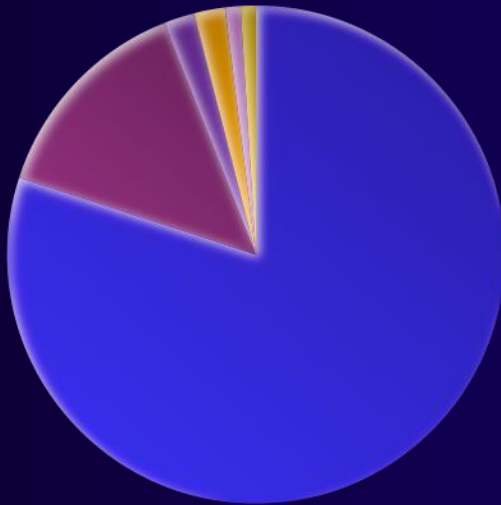
Religious Belief in UK:



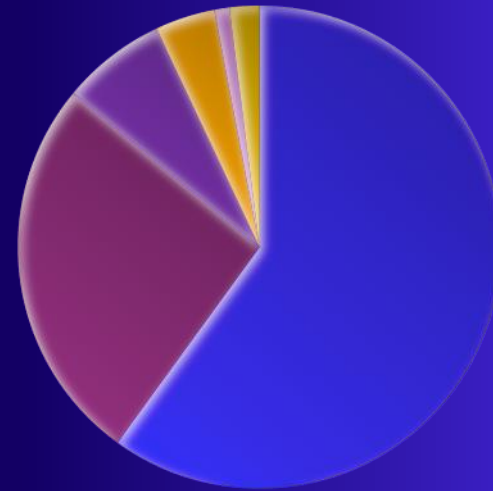
- Christianity 60%
- Athesit 26%
- Not stated 7%
- Isam 4%
- Hinduism 1%
- Other religions 2%

Comparing Data:
Compare the pie charts you have recorded:

Religious Belief in India



Religious Belief UK:



1. What country has the highest percentage of Hindus?
2. Which has the highest percentage of religious believers?
3. Can I tell by looking at these charts, which country has the highest population of Hindus? (Explain your answer).
4. What do these tell me about the Hindu faith?



Numeracy Self –assessment

Key points in Hinduism

The central belief is that of reincarnation and Karma

Moksha is the liberation (or release)
of the human's soul from suffering back to Brahman.

Dukkha - is the process of rebirth and suffering that all
Humans experience.

What is
Karma?



Karma

Karma is cause and effect

This means that every action leads to a consequence

FOR EXAMPLE: if you misbehave you get a detention
OR if you smile at someone, they might smile back
and you will both feel happier

GOOD KARMA = good actions

BAD KARMA = bad actions



What is
reincarnation?

Reincarnation

Hindus believe that when the body dies, the soul is born again in a new body.

The soul is called the ATMAN.

If you have lived a good life you will be reincarnated as something better, like a soldier or a priest.

If you have lived a bad life you will be reincarnated as something worse, like a servant or even an animal.

BRAHMAN

BRAHMA



CREATOR

VISHNU



PRESERVER

SHIVA



DESTROYER

ONE GOD - MANY FORMS

Known as the Trimurti

Tri = three

Murti = image

Gwaith Catref

Hindus in the UK trace their family roots back to India.

- 1) Draw your own family tree to show your roots
- 2) Why are these roots important?

